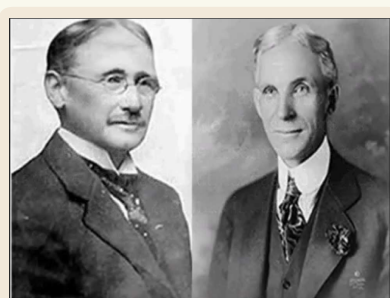


Perfoerance Managemet

Peter DruckerSurvival

Innovate
Grow
Profit
Satisfy your customers



Management and Performance

"an army of sheep led by a lion defeating an army of lions led by a sheep"

Alan Mulally 2006 / 2014



"Who Says Elephants Can't Dance?"



Louis V. Gerstner Jr.

Employees and Performance



Leaders and Performance

What is FedEx Philosophy?
Founder and CEO Frederick Smith

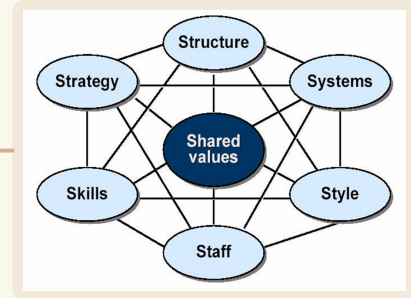
The People-Service-Profit philosophy (P-S-P) is based on the belief that by creating a positive working environment for employees, they will provide better service quality to customers, which would then lead to customers using FedEx products and services

- Daniel Schwartz... Burger King / Tim Hortons
- Carlos Goshen.Renault/Nissan
- Lee Iacocca.. Chrysler
- Jack Welch ...GE
- Lee Kuan Yew... Singapore
- Mahathir Mohamad....Malaysia

Types of Performance

Corporate performance

Employee performance



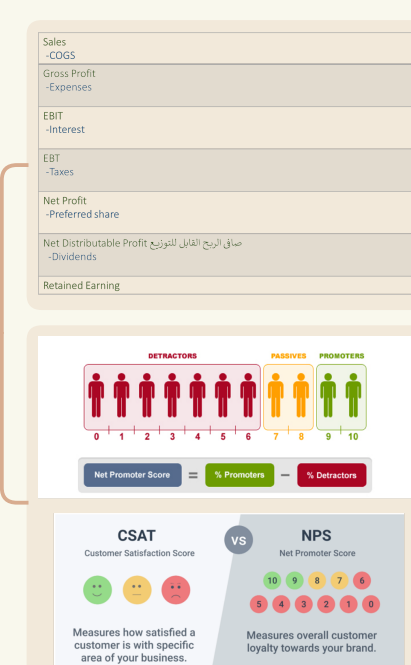
Corporate Performance

Financial indicators

Customer indicators

Supply chain indicators

Learning and growth indicators



Liquidity Ratios

Leverage Ratios

Activity Ratios

Profitability Ratios

Planning Model

Situational analysis either internal or external
Objectives SMART
Strategies growth competitive BOS entry
Tactics / actions / action plan
Resources: FR / HR/ Equipment / materials
Implementation
Evaluation KPIs

How to be a Good Planner

SOST+6 Ms
Situation
Objectives
Strategy
Tactics
Measurements
Men
Money
Machines
Materials
Minutes

PlanningFocus



What Focus Really Means:
Learning From Bill Gates,
Warren Buffett And Steve Jobs



Types Of Objectives

Marketing objectives
Financial objectives
Operational objectives

What is Cascading Goals?

Cascading goals are an organizational structure that aligns a company's goals across multiple levels. All these goals contribute to the overall strategic direction of the organization. Typically, the main strategic goals are set at the executive level, and those touchpoints funnel down into different levels of management and individual objectives.

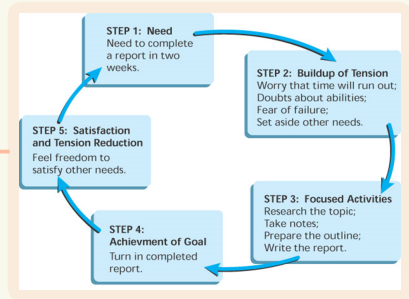
Implement Cascading Goals

When implementing cascading Goals, make the goals

Feedback

Preparation
Start with positives 4:1
Ask the employee Feedback
State the negative behavior
Example by example
Negative consequences
Ask employee recommendations
Manager recommendations
Contract

Leading / Motivation



Effective Punishment

Private
Fair
Informative
Focused
Immediate
Intense
Should not be followed by a reward

Organizing

Allocating tasks to people
Main objective is to avoid duplication

Staffing

Knowledge
Skills
Attitude

Supply Chain Indicators



Learning and Growth Indicators

The choice of top executives—especially CEOs—is a critical decision with important implications for the firm's performance. Many companies use leadership screening systems to identify individuals with managerial and strategic leadership potential.

The most effective of these systems assess people within the firm and gain valuable information about the capabilities of other companies' managers, particularly their strategic leaders.

Based on the results of these assessments, training and development programs are provided for current managers in an attempt to pre-select and shape the skills of people who may become tomorrow's leaders.

The "ten-step talent" management development program at General Electric, for example, is considered one of the most effective in the world.

Jack Welch Successor

Given the phenomenal success of GE and its highly effective management development program, an insider, Jeffrey Immelt, was chosen to succeed Jack Welch.

Firms generally have succession management programs to develop managers so that one will eventually be prepared to ascend to the top. Immelt was well prepared to take over the CEO job at GE.

Disney CEO Michael Eisner Successor

Even in the case where performance is below par, some boards still select an insider.

This is exemplified by the choice of Robert Iger to replace longtime Disney CEO Michael Eisner. There was some initial criticism of the choice, with a few analysts expressing doubts about Iger's capabilities or ability to be independent from Eisner.

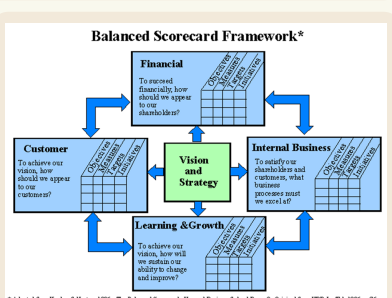
Yet, he began to establish his own course for the firm shortly after his appointment. His independence received a boost when Eisner's chief strategy officer was demoted

CEO of Sony Howard Stringer Selection

The recent selection of Sir Howard Stringer as CEO of Sony suggests changes in that firm's future.

He is not only an outsider but also a foreigner. His selection as Sony's new CEO may be a result of increasing globalization and may be a harbinger of future appointments like this one

Balanced Scorecard



Components of Balanced Scorecard

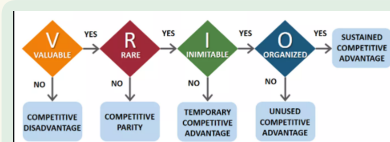
Objectives—high-level organizational goals that state what your organization is trying to accomplish strategically, broken down according to the four perspectives
Measures—key performance indicators (KPIs) that help you understand if you're accomplishing your objectives strategically.
Initiatives—key action programs developed to achieve your objectives, sometimes referred to as projects.

Measure	Target	Actual
Revenue growth	10%	12%
Customer satisfaction	85%	88%
Employee engagement	75%	78%
Process efficiency	90%	92%

Employee Performance

It depends on strengths

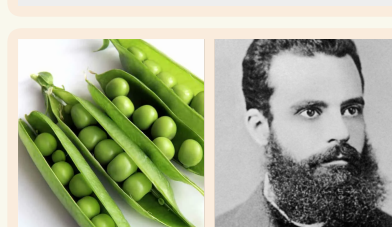
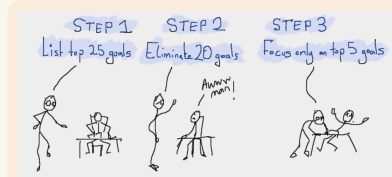
Strengths can be evaluated using VRIO model



Management Functions PLOCS and Performance

Planning
Leading
Organizing
Control
Staffing

Warren Buffett's 5/25 Strategy



Pareto ratio



20% customers	80% revenue
20% products	80% revenue
20% salespeople	80% revenue
20% regions	80% revenue
20% marketing expenses	80% revenue

Goal Setting

Goal setting can be used in every single area of your life, including financial, physical, personal development, relationships, or even spiritual.

SMART is an acronym that represents important characteristics, which goals have to comply to in order to be effective and achieve their objectives. It stands for:

- Specific
- Measurable
- Ambitious
- Relevant
- Time bound

Levels of Goals/Plans



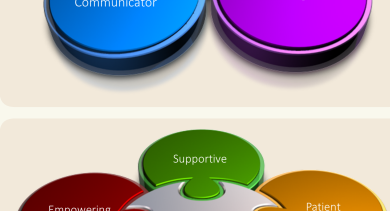
Control

Benchmarks / KPIs

Quantitative versus qualitative KPIs

Lead versus lag KPIs

Qualities of a Good Coach



Performance Level	Declining	Improving
High Performer	A	B
Medium Performer	C	D
Low Performer	E	F